

The challenges of an ageing population

Budgetary and labour force projections for Belgium and the EU Member States

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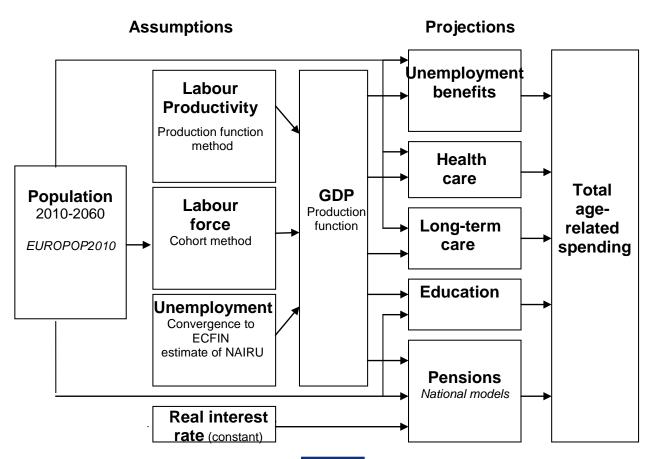


Outline

- General features of projections
- 2012 Ageing Report projection results
 - Labour force projections
 - Budgetary projections
- Latest BE and NL pension reform effects
 - Labour force projections
 - Budgetary projections
- Policy recommendations for further pension reforms
- Conclusion

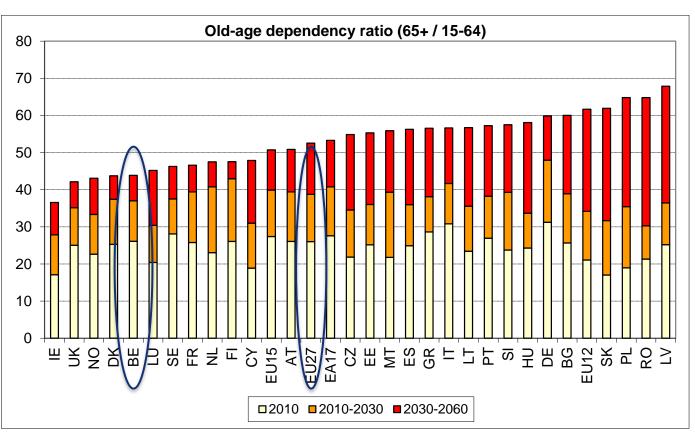


General features of age-related expenditure projections for 2012 Ageing Report





Population projections: Old-age dependency ratio





Pension projection exercise: 3 steps to be taken

- Agreement on common assumptions
 - 1. Labour force projections; 2. Macroeconomic assumptions
- Pension projection based on national models
 - Provision of commonly agreed variables in pre-defined questionnaires
- Peer review of pension projections by Economic Policy Committee (AWG)



Labour force projections

The cohort approach:

Participation rates are projected for each single year of age (15 to 74) and gender

Three main features of the methodology:

- Use of historical entry rates and exit rates:
 2001-2010 average kept constant over the period of projections
- 2) Incorporate the impact of increasing female labour market participation ("cohort effect") and
- 3) Incorporate the impact of pension reforms (reference age group 50-74)

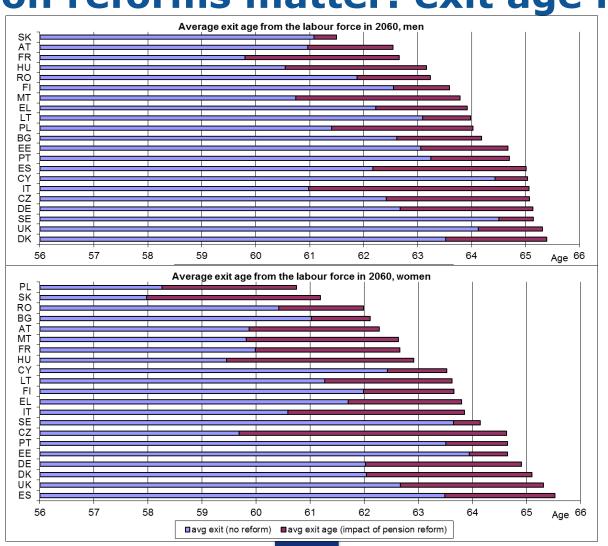


Higher participation rate of older workers in the future

	Total 15-64		Yo	ung	Prime	age	Old	der		Change 2	Change 2010-2060		
			15-24		25-54		55-64		Total	Young	Prime age	Older	
	2010	2060	2010	2060	2010	2060	2010	2060	15-64	15-24	25-54	55-64	
ΛT	75.0	77.6	59.5	61.3	87.7	89.5	13.1	56.1	2.5	1.8	1.0	12.0	ΛT
BE	67.7	68.5	32.7	33.3	86.3	85.6	39.1	48.7	0.8	0.6	-0.7	9.6	BE
BG	67.1	69.4	32.0	29.9	82.7	84.0	49.3	59.8	2.4	-2.0	1.3	10.5	BG
CY	73.2	78.0	42.0	41.9	87.3	91.0	59.6	68.8	4.8	-0.1	3.7	9.2	CY
CZ	70.3	73.1	31.1	29.7	87.9	85.7	50.1	72.6	2.8	-1.4	-2.1	22.5	CZ
DE	76.7	78.9	51.6	50.6	87.3	88.2	62.5	74.8	2.2	-1.0	0.9	12.3	DE
DK	79.5	80.6	67.8	69.3	89.0	86.6	61.1	73.2	1.1	1.5	-2.4	12.1	DK
EE	74.1	75.6	39.6	35.7	88.3	88.2	64.4	73.6	1.5	-4.0	-0.1	9.2	EE
EL	68.4	72.6	31.4	30.6	83.5	85.9	45.5	69.6	4.2	-0.8	2.4	24.1	EL
ES	73.4	77.5	43.0	41.8	85.5	87.9	50.8	76.4	4.0	-1.2	2.4	25.6	ES
FI	74.6	76.2	50.0	50.8	87.5	87.4	60.5	65.8	1.7	0.8	-0.1	5.3	FI
FR	70.4	74.7	39.8	39.6	88.9	89.7	42.5	63.3	4.2	-0.2	0.7	20.8	FR
HU	62.4	67.1	25.7	25.3	81.0	81.0	37.1	59.1	4.7	-0.4	0.0	22.0	HU
IE	69.6	67.3	42.3	42.0	80.4	76.9	54.7	63.9	-2.3	-0.4	-3.5	9.3	ΙE
П	62.2	65.3	28.7	29.2	76.9	76.1	37.8	62.6	3.1	0.5	-0.8	24.8	Π
LT	71.0	73.0	31.3	29.4	88.5	87.6	56.5	66.1	2.0	-2.0	-0.8	9.7	LT
LU	67.9	67.5	25.3	28.4	85.7	86.9	40.1	41.6	-0.4	3.2	1.2	1.5	LU
LV	73.7	76.9	42.2	38.5	88.5	91.3	57.1	64.7	3.2	-3.7	2.8	7.5	LV
MT	60.7	70.3	51.9	51.5	73.2	79.5	32.6	58.5	9.6	-0.3	6.3	26.0	MT
NL	78.2	79.9	69.1	71.0	87.9	88.6	56.0	62.4	1.7	2.0	0.7	6.5	NL
NO	78.2	78.0	57.1	57.7	87.3	87.4	69.8	68.2	-0.2	0.6	0.1	-1.7	NO
PL	65.8	67.2	35.5	33.4	84.2	82.8	36.8	47.4	1.4	-2.1	-1.4	10.5	PL
PT	74.1	76.7	37.3	37.7	88.7	90.0	54.2	69.4	2.6	0.3	1.3	15.2	PT
RO	63.8	60.9	31.9	29.2	79.5	74.8	42.3	46.3	-2.9	-2.7	-4.7	4.0	RO
SE	79.1	81.9	51.9	52.9	90.0	92.2	73.9	77.9	2.8	1.0	2.1	3.9	SE
SI	71.7	74.7	39.6	38.2	90.2	89.6	36.3	61.6	3.0	-1.4	-0.6	25.3	SI
SK	68.9	67.8	31.8	30.1	86.9	83.7	45.1	50.7	-1.1	-1.7	-3.2	5.5	SK
UK	75.4	76.7	59.4	58.4	85.0	84.5	59.9	70.1	1.3	-0.9	-0.5	10.2	UK
EU27	71.1	73.7	43.5	43.8	85.0	85.2	49.7	65.7	2.6	0.3	0.2	16.0	EU27
EA 17	71.4	74.0	42.9	41.8	85.2	85.8	49.3	67.0	2.6	-1.1	0.6	17.7	EA17

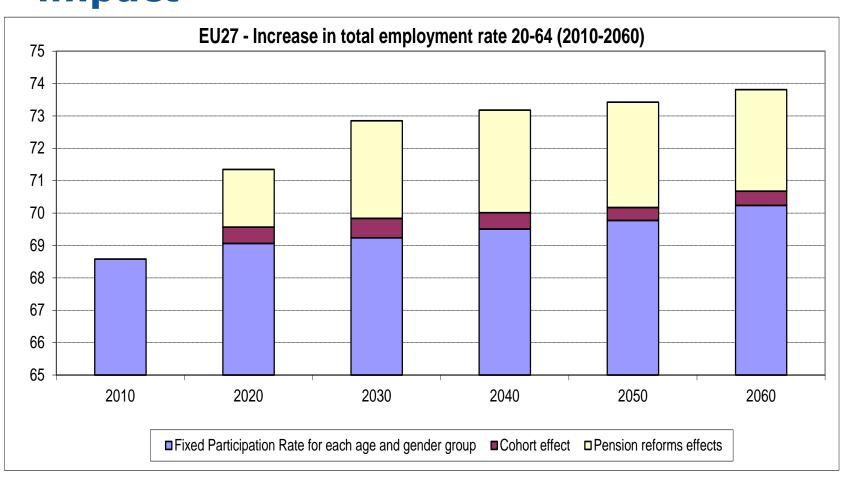


Pension reforms matter: exit age impact



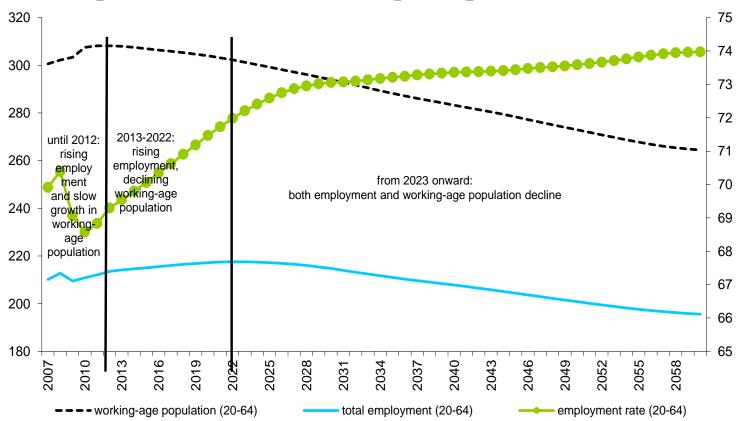


Pension reforms matter: employment impact





Three phases of employment



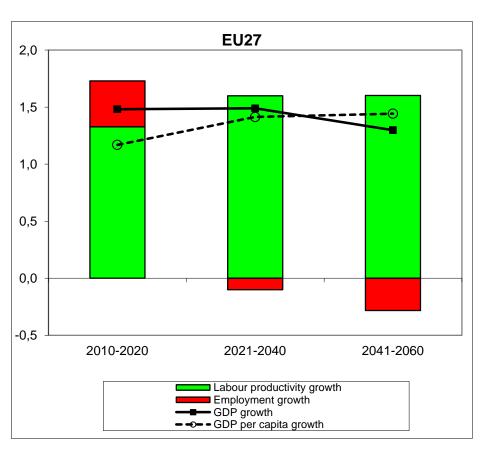
Phase 1: rising employment and slow growth in working-age population

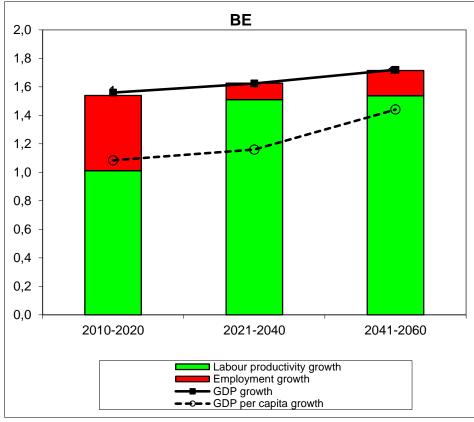
Phase 2: rising employment, declining working-age population

Phase 3: both employment and working-age population decline



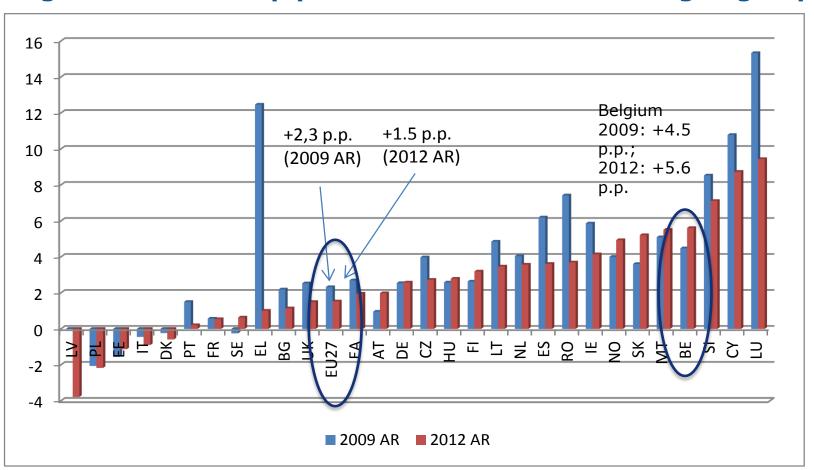
GDP growth in the medium and long run





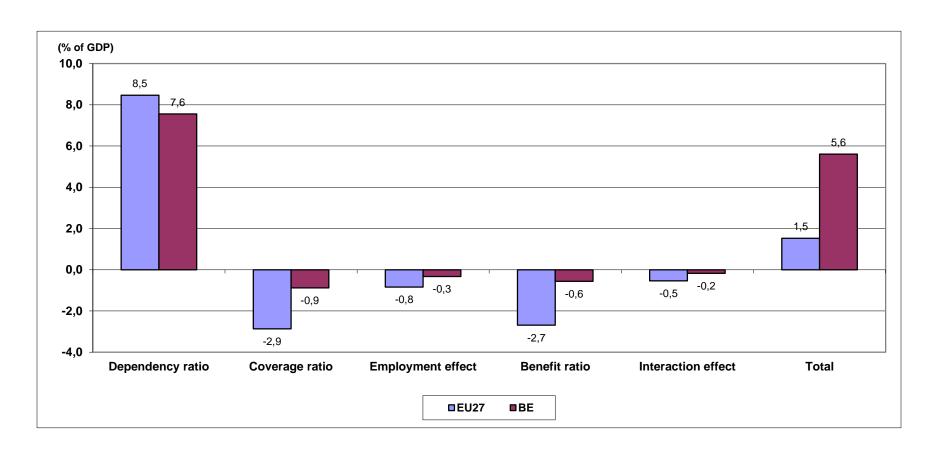


Progress with pension reforms: spending (change 2010-2060 in p.p. of GDP - 2009 and 2012 Ageing Report)





Underlying pension expenditure drivers



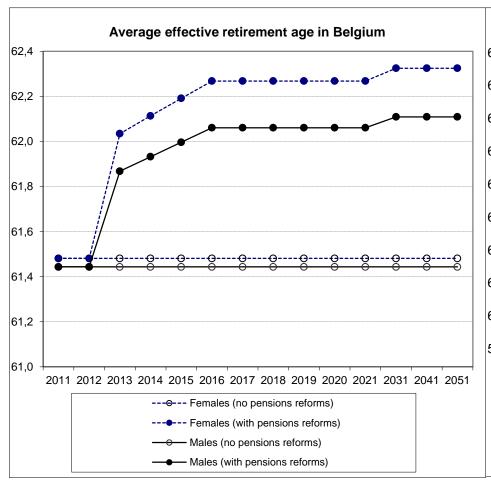


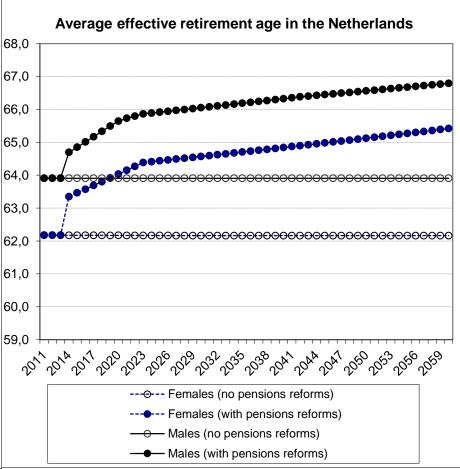
2012 pension reforms in Belgium and the Netherlands

- Belgium: Restrictions in early retirement and prepensions
- The Netherlands: Gradual increase in statutory retirement age to 67 and link to gains in life expectancy thereafter



Reform effect BE/NL: effective exit age







Reform effect BE/NL: participation rate

• Belgium:

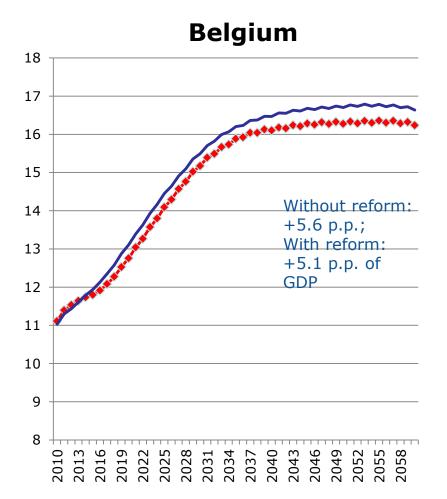
TOTAL	WITH NEW PENSIONS REFORM			WITHO	OUT PENSION RE	FORM	REFORM EFFECT		
	PA	RTICIPATION	RATE	PAI	RTICIPATION RA	ATE	DIFFERENCE		
Age	2010	2030	2060	2010	2030	2060	2010	2030	2060
55_59	55.8	71.8	70.4	55.8	70.4	69.0	0.0	1.4	1.4
60_64	21.1	37.6	37.9	21.1	28.6	28.2	0.0	9.0	9.7
65 74	3.1	5.2	5.1	3.1	5.2	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
15_64	67.7	69.4	69.5	67.7	68.4	68.5	0.0	1.1	1.0
15_74	60.3	59.1	59.4	60.3	58.2	58.6	0.0	0.9	0.9

The Netherlands:

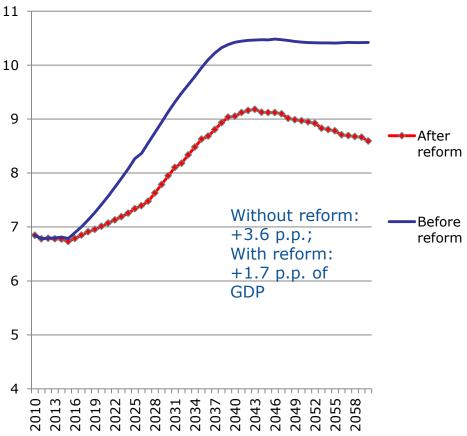
T	OTAL	WITH NEW PENSIONS REFORM			WITHOUT PENSION REFORM			REFORM EFFECT		
		PA	RTICIPATION RA	ATE	PA	RTICIPATION RA	ATE	DIFFERENCE		
	Age	2010	2030	2060	2010	2030	2060	2010	2030	2060
	55_59	73.1	84.4	86.1	73.1	77.7	77.8	0.0	6.7	8.3
(60_64	38.8	65.9	72.3	38.8	46.5	46.7	0.0	19.4	25.6
- (65 74	9.6	22.7	28.2	9.6	15.1	14.9	0.0	7.6	13.4
· ·	15_64	78.2	82.6	83.5	78.2	79.6	79.9	0.0	3.1	3.6
'	15_74	70.5	72.3	74.4	70.5	68.5	69.2	0.0	3.8	5.2



Reform effect BE/NL: pension spending



The Netherlands





Policy recommendations for further pension reforms

The Commission set out its line in the 2012 Annual Growth Survey on pension-related issues, again repeated in the White Paper on Pensions and the 2013 Annual Growth Survey:

- align the retirement age with increases in life expectancy (done already by IT, ES, EL, DK, NL and SK);
- restrict access to early retirement schemes and other early exit pathways (done e.g. by BE and AT);
- support longer working lives;
- equalise the pensionable age between men and women; and,
- support the development of complementary retirement savings to enhance retirement incomes.



Country-specific recommendations (CSR) during the 2012 European Semester

- 17 out of 27 Member States got a CSR proposal on pensions (11 on linking retirement age with life expectancy)
- Main messages in line with 2011, 2012 and 2013 Annual Growth Survey messages
- Belgium CSR2: "Continue to improve the long-term sustainability of public finances by curbing age-related expenditure, including health expenditure. In particular, implement the reform of pre-retirement and pension schemes and take further steps to ensure an increase in the effective retirement age, including through linking the statutory retirement age to life expectancy."



Conclusion

- Pension reforms in recent years with visible positive impact on participation rates, effective retirement ages as well as restrictions in pension spending
- Positive effect to be expected also in the future
- Belgian pension reform is a step in the right direction to increase the effective retirement age
- Further reforms might be necessary to increase participation and reduce pension spending in the medium- and long-run



Thank you for your attention!

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